1875
(L.R.)

File No. 7 of 1875
Serial No. 1-12

Sub: Levy of contributions from Ryots for the repairs of Sri Ramdhan channel - etc

(15)

37

file No 7 of 1875
Serials 1–12

(L. R.)

Levy of Contribution from ryots
for the repairs of Sri Ramadasu channel &c.

Moved 45

V

187 5/76

From The Offg. Supdg. Engineer for Irrigation

To

Secretary to Chief Commissioner,
General Department.

L R

Section 7 of 1875

File No

General No 1

Dated 23rd October 1875

Despatched

Received 23 [illegible]

ENCLOSURES NO.

General No. 3081 / No. } 187 .

Answer by the Offg. Superintending Engineer dated 23rd October 1875, with original correspondence regarding the proportion of the cost of the permanent Sluices on the Kheraun Aheer and Chhaprala Aheer and Chhaprala Aheer and Chhaprala

No. 204

1875/76

From The Chief Engineer & Inspector of Irrigation
Murree Division

To

Secretary to Chief Commissioner,
General Department.

Dated 22nd November 1875.

Despatched

Received

ENCLOSURES NO.

General No. 3339 of 1875

No.

Sir, I have the honor to forward herewith a letter No. 3081 of the 23rd October 1875, requesting early orders on Dreme by Major Carpenter regarding the construction of the bridge of the Jhelum Canal over the Khaira Nullah and which is necessary to be done before the Canal is opened.

2. I have the honor to invite a reference to the above and to add that the disposal of certain references on this subject is awaited for want of the orders solicited for.

I have the honor to be
Sir,
Your most obedient servant
Chief Engineer & Inspector of Irrigation
Punjab

To
The Deputy Secretary
22-1-76

C81

0.343
237

1875/76

From The Chief Engineer for Irrigation

To
Secretary to Chief Commissioner,
General Department.

Dated Bangalore 20th January 1876

Despatched

Received 22nd

ENCLOSURES NO.

General No. 179 } 1876
No. 179 }

L R

7 of 1875

X Submitted to Govt

26-10-75

3

X Revd 10/11/75

Vide Govt Order No 3719 dated 31st Oct 1875

X His Office No 3081 of 2nd October 1875 requested early orders on Memo by Major Christie regarding the protection of the coir of the plantations on the Sheranadanar and Chikkadanayakanakote to be borne by Ryots.

X Vide letter from Executive Engineer

Has the honor to invite attention to the above pending which a reminder was sent in this Office No 3339 of the 22nd November 1875 and to request the favor of early orders being passed on the subject. The implies have been received

m

from England and the sluice work is now about to be put in hand.

J. Johnson Lieut Col

Supy. Engineer for Irrig. Area

Recd. 8/11.

1876.

From The Superintending Engineer

To Irrigation Branch

Dated 3rd April 1876

Despatched

Received 8th

ENCLOSURES NO.

General No.

No.

Papers connected with Contributions for Sluices in Thichadaiengan Channel.

317

Previous papers on the Subject are submitted. The sum of Rs: 17,332 mentioned in this memo appears to have been based on the area of 4.333 acres given in Statement C printed & marked in pencil in Commissioners Proceedings No: 2897 of 21st March 1870 wherein the plan was.

16/5/76

S. Rámanáthan

16/5/76

D.S

7.6.1875

Standard Book

Letter from Com Cauvery
No 16 of 2
Dated 10th June 1876
(Enclosures not printed)

Asst Dirr

Letter from the Commr
Ashtagram Division
to the Under Secty P.W.D.
Irrigation Branch, No
231 dated 28th Sept 75.

Order. The Circum-
stances of the case being
special, the Offg: C. Commr
directs that the ryots as
well as Inamdars holding
lands under the Chinna
devaroy Sangum channel
be required to pay towards
the cost of its improvement,
for which an Estimate
amounting to Rs 1,82,532
has been prepared, at
the rate of Rs 4 per candy
~~or Rs 8 per acre~~ The
Revised Rules now

Re a Consideration of
his circumstances, his
Hy Asst Commr considers
that the Contribution
~~payable~~ of Rs 33,546 for
the substitution of permanent
Sluices, ~~for~~ for temporary
Madvais in the Chikkadevaroy
Sangum Channel, ~~should~~
~~be~~ may be equitably levied
from all holders of wet
land under the Channel,
~~at~~ at the rate of Rs 4 per
Candy. - Inamdars and
Govt Ryots being treated alike.
The amount may be recovered
in two annual instalments.

X 9th Dec 1876
Rs 1 : 33 :

before the Govt of India
regarding the enforcement
of customary labor
for the maintenance
of irrigation works in
Sarpore will supersede
the directions contained
in the D. P. W. Under
Secy's letter No 126/627 dated
26th February 1875 on
the subject of levying
contributions from
Inamdars towards the
cost of the annual repairs
to the river channels.
2. The original correspondence
forwarded with the above
letter by the Secy P. W. D.
is herewith returned.

Put

6/19 Secy

To The Secy P. W. D.
" Comm A. D.
Dep Comm Ry and Dn

13/3/76

From the Commissioner, Ashtagram Division, To the Offg. Under-Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, No. 66, dated Mysore, 2nd June 1875.

In reply to your letter No. 95—490 of 12th February 1875, requesting my opinion on the advisability and necessity of expending the large amount estimated for improvements to the Chik Devaray Ságar and Virzanadi Channels, I have the honor to forward, in original, letters and memos from the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore, as per margin, containing his views and approving of the proposed expenditure.

To Deputy Commissioner, Mysore, No. 1302, dated 16th February 1875.
From " No. 291, dated 21st May 1875, and enclosures.

2. As observed in your letter, the primary object of these works is to obtain a better control of the existing supply of water, and as a consequence, the reaping of full average crops on all lands watered by the channel, and the Deputy Commissioner, in pointing out that the revenue under both channels has hitherto been subject to considerable fluctuations arising from remission necessitated by the defective state of the channels, anticipates that this will be remedied in future, and that an increase of revenue to the extent of perhaps Rs. 3,000 may also be looked for, if the improvements are carried out.

3. A satisfactory reply to the enquiry regarding the value of these channels to the Government and the people cannot be given, till the survey and assessment has been made, and information obtained by actual experiment of the productive powers of the lands, but a few general remarks based on such imperfect data as Shanbhogs' accounts will be sufficient to shew the very great importance of these irrigation works and the advisability of improving them to the utmost.

4. Including Government and inam villages, there are 49 villages attached to the Chik Devaray Ságar Channel with an estimated population of 25,380, and according to a return furnished by the Amildar, the total revenue in 1874—75 from lands of all descriptions under the channels is Rs. 73,623—7—10, of which Rs. 11,028 is payable to inamdars, leaving a balance of Rs. 62,595—7—10 as Government revenue. The average is given at 8,921 acres of Government land and 1,336 acres attached to inams or a total of 10,257 acres held by 2,387 pattadars with 600 under-tenants, and it is supposed that $\frac{1}{3}$ths of the land is ordinarily cultivated with paddy, the remainder being under sugarcane, or green crops such as Bengal-gram, &c., partly grown to be ploughed in as manure.

5. The yield of paddy is estimated as varying from 30 kandis per kandi of land of the best quality to a minimum of 15, the average being taken at 20, which is nearly equivalent to 10 kandis or 5 quarters 2 bushels per acre.

6. A statement was given to me by the Patel of Hannúr in which he valued his crop as follows:—

	Rs.	A.	P.
Paddy 20 kandis per kandi at 3½ Rs. per kandi ..	70	0	0
2nd green crop	4	0	0
Straw	7	0	0
	81	0	0

Working expenses ...	13	and considered his profits, after deducting kandayam, seed, and expenses of
Seed	3	cultivating by hired labor estimated at 31 Rs., to be 50 per kandi or Rs. 25
Kandayam ...	15	per acre.
	31	

The net value therefore of an average paddy crop on the whole area under the channel would be 10,257 × 25=Rs. 2,56,425, but according to lists otherwise given, the wholesale price of paddy has ranged from Rs. 2 and 3 between 1854 and 1856 to Rs. 10 to 12 in 1865—66—67, the years of scarcity, and varies considerably during different months. At 4 Rs. per kandi the gross value of an average crop in a fair year would be 91 Rs. per kandi and the net profit Rs. 60 per kandi or 30 Rs. per acre, giving a total of Rs. 3,07,710. If the gross produce be taken at 45 Rs. per acre, the sum would be Rs. 4,61,565, and deducting 73,171—10—0 payable to Government and inamdars, the balance would go to the proprietors and cultivators.

7. The water cess amounts to Rs. 2,462, and the local cess and certain customary payments in kind to the village servants known as "Hadada," have to be deducted from the cultivators' share, but it is believed that after allowing for this, the net profit per acre is not less than Rs. 20—0—0.

8. Cultivation is generally carried on by the pattadars themselves and it would be impossible at present to calculate with any approach to accuracy, the actual cost of labor so applied.

9. Where the pattadars are Brahmans, merchants, and others whose primary occupation is not agriculture, or where they are non-resident, they lease out the land on the Metayer system, of which there are several varieties or on fixed grain or money rents;—absentees finding the latter best as they are unable to prevent pilfering on the part of the cultivator if the grain is shared. Grain-rents vary from a maximum of 12 to a minimum of 8 kandis per kandi of land, the calculations being ordinarily based on the principle of varam or equal division of crop, the proprietor paying the Government demand. An average crop of 10 kandis per acre gives an average landlord's rent of 5 kandis. This at 4 Rs. per kandi gives 20 Rs., and deducting the average kandayam of 7 Rs. the average net landlord's rent may be taken at 13 Rs. per acre.

10. At harvest time the supply of local labor is insufficient, and as it is indispensable that harvest operations should be quickly got through, there is a large influx of laborers male and female from the neighbouring Taluks of Attikuppa, Nagamangala, Mandya, Malvalli as well as from the Hoblis of the Mysore and Ashtagram Taluks where dry cultivation is carried on, the number of whom is not much under 2,000 persons employed in reaping, tying up and beating out the crop at daily wages paid in paddy. Although it is difficult to say what amount is so distributed in wages, it must be considerable as the average number of men required to reap a kandi per diem is 30, and the average daily wages 5 seers of paddy per man, equivalent to 15 men and 75 seers per acre or 4,808 kandis for 10,257 acres. The money value of which would be Rs. 19,232, the wages for thrashing out the paddy by beating being still higher and additional payment being given for tying up the sheaves.

11. Three-fourths of the paddy produced is believed to be sold to merchants at Ganjam, Seringapatam, the French Rocks and Mysore, $\frac{1}{4}$ being consumed in the villages where it is grown.

The merchants calculate that $\frac{5}{8}$ ths of the crop is sold in Mysore, and $\frac{1}{8}$ exported to Bangalore, Ootacamund and Tellicherry, the rest being consumed in Seringapatam, Ganjam, the French Rocks and Bannúr.

12. From the situation of the channels on the high road between Bangalore, Mysore, the Coast and Coorg, Wynaad and the Nilgiris, there are exceptional advantages for the disposal of straw as fodder for cattle in the towns and for passing carts. Of these 9,000 crossed the Seringapatam bridge in March, and 11,500 in April, and it is calculated that in many villages the sale of straw alone is sufficient to pay the Government kandayam. On the whole area, half is so defrayed and as village roads are made by which carts can reach every village, the proportion will be greater.

13. The remarks I have made refer only to paddy which has been mentioned first on account of the much greater extent of land so cultivated, but as a channel question the cultivation of sugarcane is quite as important owing to the absolute necessity for a regular and prompt supply of water to the canes at the proper moment.

14. The area under sugarcane can only be given approximately, but it is reported to have been 930 acres in 1874—5, and this statement gives the area and assessment of land bearing sugarcane since 1865—6.

Years.	Extent cultivated. Acres.	Assessment.	
		Rs.	A. P.
1865—66	1,274	8,508	5 6
1866—67	1,438	9,365	0 11
1867—68	1,264	9,193	12 0
1868—69	1,304	9,472	8 1
1869—70	1,290	8,712	14 5
1870—71	956	5,413	7 10
1871—72	1,052	6,075	15 8
1872—73	978	5,693	15 0
1873—74	662	3,370	5 1
1874—75	930	5,103	12 11

These figures shew that the cultivation has decreased since 1869—70, and was at its lowest in 1873—74 in consequence of the Irrigation Department being then unable to give a full supply of water, but the subject has since received most carefull attention from Mr. Gatherer, and there is little apprehension that a like failure will recur. I understand that the work of repairing the breach in the Anche Halla aqueduct prevented water being sent down regularly and resulted in loss to the cultivators, who, apparently doubting the certainty of a future supply, failed in the following years to cultivate as much as before.

15. Twenty years ago, the price of jaggory was 20 Rs. per 1,000 cakes (25 maunds), but it has now risen to 30 or 35 Rs., and under the stimulus of increased price there is a great desire on the part of ryots to grow sugarcane wherever they can do so, with a fair prospect of success. The cultivation may be said to be practically limited, chiefly by the necessity for rotating the crop with paddy, and by the certainty with which water is supplied, and the improvements now proposed for the channels which have been pointed out to me by Mr. Gatherer will not only make the supply more certain and regular, thus giving confidence to ryots who now grow cane, but will also enable others lower down the channel to grow cane which they would otherwise fear to risk.

16. The value of the crop of 1874—5 must have been nearly Rs. 1,57,000, and as the profits are considered to be double those of paddy, it is in every respect desirable that the cultivation should be fostered by bringing the channels into the best condition possible both as regards capacity for conveying water and for controlling its distribution.

17. As your letter contains an allusion to the indirect benefits arising from irrigation works, I may as well refer to the saleable value of lands under the channels, which is estimated by its productiveness. It is well known that from various causes the value of lands under all the channels has been rising very much and especially since the scarcity in 1861, when their importance seems first to have been thoroughly appreciated though improved communications and opening of new markets have for many years contributed to the same result.

18. In former times 12 per cent was considered a fair rate of profit on capital invested in the purchase of these lands, but the rate fell gradually and now 6 per cent is looked upon as a favorable return.

19. During the last eight years about 200 acres of land on an average have annually changed hands as shewn by the taluk registers, the particulars of which are here given:—

Years.	Extent, Kandis.	Price.		
		Rs.	A.	P.
1866	71¼	25,635	0	0
1867	55¼	21,524	0	0
1868	72¼	30,822	0	0
1869	57½	29,143	0	0
1870	92½	42,281	0	0
1871	95½	32,802	0	0
1872	189¾	44,271	0	0
1873	204¾	59,521	0	0
Total.....	836½	2,80,006	0	0
Average.....	104½	35,625	0	0

20. Looking at this return we see that the total value of lands sold has been Rs. 2,80,006 at an average of nearly Rs. 352 per acre.

Land in the village of Harru near the head of the channel has sold at Rs. 1,000 per kandi or Rs. 500 per acre, and Rs. 350 per acre is a common price for land less favorably situated, the value falling off lower down.

Dry lands, even the best situations near the towns, do not sell for more than a maximum of 20 or 25 Rs. per acre and in most places are unsaleable.

21. In connection with the sale and mortgage of lands under the Chik Devaray Ságar Channel stamps to the amount of Rs. 5,076 have been sold since 1866, giving an annual average of Rs. 564, which is not likely to fall off as it has increased from Rs. 216 in 1866 to Rs. 700 in 1874.

	Rs.
1866	216
1867	401
1868	640
1869	609
1870	595
1871	546
1872	616
1873	754
1874	699
Total.....	5,076

22. Although this brief sketch is necessarily incomplete, it is sufficient to shew that a population of nearly 26,000 persons are directly engaged in the agriculture of the Chik Devaray Ságar lands, and that they require for their own consumption only one quarter of the grain raised by them.

23. The neighbourhood of Mysore is not well supplied with tanks, and considering that the town has a population of 57,815, that it is the capital of the Province, and that there has always been a tendency to grain riots in times of scarcity, it is of great importance that these unfailing sources of supply should be maintained and improved.

24. No better test however of the value of the channels can be adduced than the very high prices at which lands under them sell. A good *authority gives the average value of land in England in 1841, as 40 £ per acre, and in the north and south of France as £ 24 and £ 16 respectively. Comparing these with the prices mentioned above, and considering the low rate of interest with which purchasers are satisfied, *viz.*, half of the ordinary rate obtainable on loans, it is evident that channel lands are regarded as the best of all investments. It may be interesting also to compare the net average rent obtained by proprietors with those paid in England.

*Laverage Rural Economy of England, Scotland and Ireland.

Prices of land and Rents on the Continent, from Howard's Continental Farming and Peasantry 1870.

	Rents per acre.			Prices per acre.		
	Maximum.	Medium.	Minimum.	Maximum.	Medium.	Minimum.
Belgium ...	58 S.	26 S.	14 S.	Average for the Country.		£ 50 14 8
Prussia ...	50 S.	35	25 S.			
Switzerland ...	40 S.	25—6	16	75 £ to	13 £	
Italy ...	...	32	...	rd £	30-50 to 24 £	
Austria ...	60 S.	22	8	e 22	to 20 £	
	variety infinite.			£ to	3 £	

Rents of £ 8, 5, & 3 per acre are n ncommon in the Lothians and in the neighbourhood of large towns. The central counties of En l give an average of 30 s. per acre, and the average of the whole of England in 1841 was 24 s. fr hich after deducting taxation the net rent was calculated to be as follows :—

England	20 s.
Lowlands, Scotland and Wales	10 s.
Three fourths of Ireland	13

Th k Devaray Ságar channel lands 13 Rs. or 26 s. per acre.

Most of these observations are app also to the Virzanadi channel, but as I have only seen the works on the Chik Devaray Ságar ch el, I have not considered it necessary to enter upon the discussion of the other work.

25. I believe the channels to be the st valuable irrigation works in Mysore and that irrespective of any future increase of revenue, it to the interest both of Government and the country that they should be put into the best possible o r.

From the Commissioner, Ashtagram Div n, To the Under-Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department Public Works, Ir ation, No. 231, dated Mysore, 28th September 1875.

In reply to your letter No. 503—2 of the 6th ultimo, I have the honor to state that the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore, is of opinio hat the ryots holding lands below the Chik Devaray Ságar channel may be called upon to bear the wh cost of the project of constructing the permanent distribution sluices alluded to, as it is only half the sessment on the lands and may be recovered by two yearly instalments. The construction of these slu s may almost be considered as new work, and looking to the practice hitherto followed, under which cost of all re-constructions was borne by Government and the compulsory measures which will have to be resorted to in cases of failure on the part of the ryots to pay their quota, I consider that half of the cost may be borne by Government and the other half fairly be contributed by the ryots without entailing on them any hardship. The charge is about 4 Rs. per kandi, and compared with the cases of the works lately estimated for, as shewn below, stand thus.

In the case of inamdars, they may with equal propriety be called upon to bear a portion of the cost of the proposed improvement to the channel including sluices in question in accordance with the extent of their holdings.

Copy of letter No. 952, dated 10th instant, from the Deputy Commissioner on the subject, is herewith forwarded.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Financial Department,
21st March 1876.

Names of Tanks.	Amount of estimate.	Amount contributed by the ryots.	Area of land available for cultivation.	Average amount of contribution per kandi.
1. Anekere tank in the Channaraypatna Taluk ...	1,0[illegible] 0 0	250 0 0 ¼ of estimate.	18	Nearly 14 Rs. per kandi.
2. Improving Bettan katte tank in the Attikuppa Taluk.	[illegible] 0 0	269 0 0 ⅓ of the estimate.	18	15 Rs. kandi.
3. Kittankere tank in the Harnhalli Taluk ...	2 0 0	337 0 0 ⅕ of the estimate.	33	11 Rs. do
4. Proposed distribution to the Chik Devaray Ságar Channel	33, 0 0	16,733 0 0 ½ of the estimate.	4,333	Nearly 4 Rs.

17332

From the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore Distr[illegible] ommissioner, Ashtagram Division,
No. 952, dated Camp Besga[illegible] ptember 1875.

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of [illegible]et No. 989 of the 27th ultimo, forwarding copy of the Under-Secretary, Department Public [illegible] letter No. 503—2318 of the 6th idem with respect to the proposed recovery of constructing ne[illegible]s to the Chik Devaray Ságar Channel in the Ashtagram Taluk.

2. The grounds on which such a claim is base[illegible]at it is incumbent on the ryots to keep their present sluices in repair, and that by the construc[illegible] proper sluices by Government they are likely to be saved much future trouble and expense. It [illegible]er customary in Mysore in making improvements to any irrigation work, to call upon the ry[illegible]tribute a portion of the expense. In this case the cost of improvements will amount to Rs. 1,[illegible]wards which a demand of Rs. 33,546 as a contribution from the ryots cannot be regarded as t[illegible]

3. It would not I conceive be desirable to m[illegible]on to the ryots which would lessen their obligation to bear the cost of sluices. The [illegible]ivalent to nearly one half the annual assessment imposed. It may be charged upon the[illegible]d be collected with the assessment by instalments spreading over two years.

4. The previous arrangements made for [illegible]n the number of sluices have in a measure prepared the ryots for further reductions, [illegible] work has been put in hand, they have had ample cause to appreciate the improvements [illegible] have secured to them an abundant supply of water. Even the cultivators at the upper [illegible]annel have reason to be satisfied, as they are enabled to raise remunerative sugar-cane cro[illegible]

No. 9897—Fnl. 116, Dated [illegible]ORE, 21st March 1876.

Order thereon.—On a consideration of [illegible]e circumstances, the Offg. Chief Commissioner considers that the contribution of Rs [illegible],546 for the substitution of permanent sluices for temporary Madvais in the Chik [illegible]aray Ságar Channel may be equitably levied from all holders of irrigable land u[illegible]r the channel, at the rate of Rs. 4 per kandi, inamdars and Government ryots be [illegible] treated alike. The amount may be recovered in two annual instalments.

167

2. The original correspondence forwar[illegible]d with the above letter by the Secretary, Public Works Department, is herewith return[illegible].

Offg. Secretary.

To—The Secretary, P. W. D.
„ Commissioner, Ashtagram Division.
„ Dy. Commissioner, Mysore District.

I
C 81

Financial No. 9897
116

1876.

GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE.

FINANCIAL.

To

THE COMMISSIONER, ASHTAGRAM DIVIS

Dated March 21st.

Despatched 29

Received Rec. 1st April

No. 9897.
F. 116.

Authorizing the levy from all holders of irrigable lands the contribution for the substitution of permanent sluices for temporary Madvais on the Chik Devaray Ságar Channel.

To General Secretary

In this Office W. 496 I / 2303 of the 4th August 1875, forwarding the Estimate for the improvement of the Chakdevsanpur Channel for the sanction of the Govt. of India, a further report was promised on the amount of the contribution for permanent clearing which the W. Chief Cmr. might ultimately decide should be paid by the capitalists

2. The orders passed upon this subject in W. Chief Cmr. for Secretary's W. 2nd 116 / 9897 of the 21st March do not appear quite clear and I request information whether it is intended that the whole cost of the clearing, Rs 33,546, is to be borne by the capitalists and recovered in 2 years, or, whether the 2 years are to apply to Rs 4 per Kandy which would amount, according to the Cmr. figures, to Rs 17,332 per year?

7-4
Under Sec D.1

The total cost of the new Breakwater at Port Elizabeth is £33456, a sum which the Town Council ~~[illegible]~~ holds that this Govt. ought to contribute 2 annual sums from the Hyde Fund, in instalments (see Paras 10 of the Despatch Enclosed).

Major Campbell recommends that, if any sum be granted, the Contribution of £1500 per annum for 2 years at the rate of £4 per Cent on the cost of £33456 be handed over to Govt Lands (see Para 16).

~~The whole question is therefore, whether the Govt should contribute anything, and if so, whether the Despatch proposes the best method of doing so.~~

The Govt. has not the power to grant the sum applied for, but it has the power to contribute £4 per cent on the cost of the Breakwater, which, at £4 per cent, would amount to £1332 only. Under the circumstances, this latter proposal may be accepted, and if so, it should be done in accordance with the Recommendation of the Commissioners.

31/5

Draft Order.

In accordance with the Order in Council No 60 9899/Vol 116 of 21 March 1876, it is observed that the Contribution of 4 cents on the Rand of Govt Lands is £1332, computed at £4 per cent on the estimated cost of £33456 Rands.

[signature]

To General Secretary

—

Contributions for Harbour Works in Port Elizabeth Channel

[signature]

7-6

C.C.

This Despatch has been delayed there by the Secretary's illness & death.

It will appear to you that by a mistake the full Amount of Contribution viz £1500 was Entered in the Order instead of £1332 as recommended by Commrs for £4333 Rands at 4 a Rand = £17332.

19/9/76. Vide C. Clerk's Minute below.

[signature]

Keep for Despatch. Will you please see me on the subject of the Order & bring the Despatch with you?

[signature]

Proceedings of the Offg. Chief Comm.r of Mys.

L R

7 of 1875

Order. No. 1960 / 127 dy. 3d June 1876.

In modification of the order in Chief Commissioner's Proceedings no. 9897 / Fin.l 116 dated 21st March 1876, it is directed that contributions ~~the amount of Rs~~ 17332 be levied from holders of Government lands under reference, computed at 8 As. 4 per Kandy on the area of 4333 Kandies.

Offg. Secretary

To The Secretary P. W. D.
" Comm.r Ashtagram Div.n
" Dy. Comm.r Mysore District.

1876

Govt. of Mysore

Financial

To

The Secretary P.W.D

Comrs. do

Dated 9th June

Desh

Rec

No. 1960

F. 127.

Read 12/4/pm.
5-6-76

Proceedings of 21st March 76 regarding the levy of contributions from holders of Govt. lands for the improvement of the Chick Devaraja Sagar channel.

f Mysore, Financial Department,
1876.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner o
3rd June

ANGALORE, 3RD JUNE 1876.

f Commissioner's Proceedings No. 9897—
d that contributions to the amount of Rs.
ent lands under reference, computed at

No. 1960—FINL. 127, DATED

ORDER.—In modification of the order in Chi
Finl. 116, dated 21st March 1876, it is direct
17,332 be levied from holders of the Govern
Rs. 4 per kandi on the area of 4,333 kandis.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

To—The Secretary, P. W. D.
„ Commissioner, Ashtagram Division.
„ Dy. Commissioner, Mysore District.

1876.

GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE.

FINANCIAL.

To

THE SECRETARY, PUBLIC WORKS DEPT.
„ COMMISSIONER, ASHTAGRAM DIVISION.

Dated June 3rd

Despatched

Received

No. 1960.
Fin. 127.

Modifying Proceedings of 21st March 1876, regarding the levy of contributions from holders of Government lands for the improvement of the Chik Devaraysagar Channel.

P. 2242

1876/77

From The Supdg. Engineer for Irrigation

To

Secretary to Chief Commissioner,
General Department.

Dated Bangalore 14th July 1876

Despatched

Received 18th —

ENCLOSURES NO. One

General No. 2269 } 1876.
No. 1

Subject

No. 7 of 1876

Serial No

6.

This Office No 3081 of the 23rd October requesting early orders on Memo: by Capt Lyster regarding the construction of the cross of the permanent sluices on the Sheravandaru and Chokkadaresanpura Channels to be borne by Irrigation.

The Contributions for the sluices on the Chokkadaresanpura Channel were settled in General Secretariat No. 1960 of the 3rd June 1876 - Requests orders on those for the Sheravandaru Channel 2- Sluices herewith, in triplicate to be in

obligingly returned,
Commissioner of Ashba=
=ham No 241 of the 6th
October 1875 recom=
=mending that the
ryots cultivating
under these channels
should pay ¼ the
cost of the sluices.
3. If the original file
be no longer required
the undersigned will
be obliged by its
return.

W Bruyeres Major R.E.
Supdg. Engineer for
Irrigation

Ed.
ARJ

Proceedings of the Chief Commr of Mysore.

+ Received with Supg: Engrs docket No: 2269 of 14th July/76

No 5371 - R
Dated 19 Oct 1875

Dt. 28th August 1876.

To Kaveri Commissioners letter No: 241 of 6th October 1875 to the address of the Superintending Engineer for Irrigation, ~~Shimoga~~ recommending that as proposed by the Deputy Commissioner of Hassan, the ~~that~~ Ryots cultivating lands under the Sreeramdevara channels may ~~justly~~ be required to bear 1/4th of the cost of substituting permanent sluices for temporary madrais. ~~on the proportion~~ ~~of contribution, in case of improvements directly~~ ~~of tanks, is generally 1/4th of the~~ ~~total amount expended~~ and stating that ~~in~~ the levy of the cost of 1/4th of the sluices ~~in the case~~ of Chickka devarajapur channel from the ryots was specially recommended.

Order thereon.

The Commissioner is requested to state the ~~special~~ circumstances which led him to recommend the imposition of cost of 1/4th in this case to be levied from the Ryots ~~benefited~~ ~~in one case at 1/4~~ ~~and in the other~~ at 1/4th which that determines the respective shares of land under the channels to be benefited.

By Order
Secretary

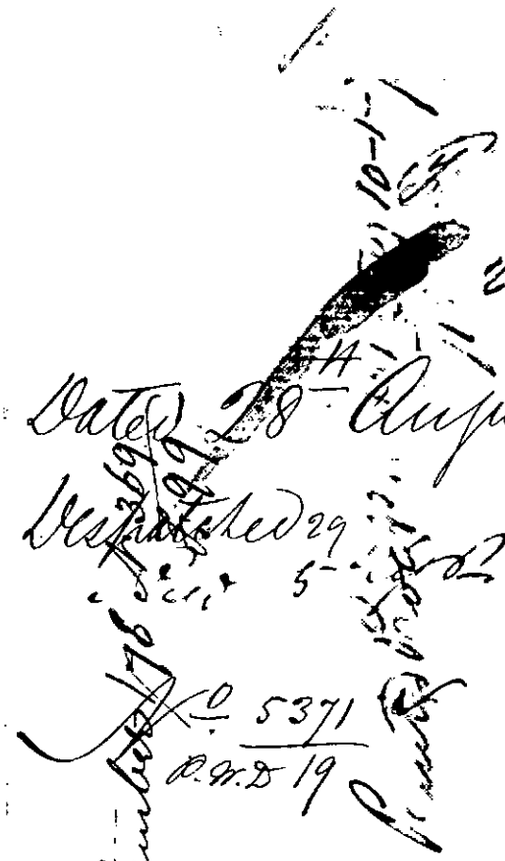
To The Comr and Dy Comr

copd. R.A. 28/8/76

1/
C117

C.P.R. 1896.

To the Comrs of the
Ashtagram Dn



Dated 28 August 1896.

Despatched 29

C. 5371

D.W.D 19

Requesting explanation as to the cause of decrease in the contributions from ryots towards cost of sluices under the Sreeramdevara Channels.

From the Collector

1

71

Shahgram Commissioner's Office.

Mysore 11th September 1876

General No. 369

Fin: No. 99. So.

LP

No. 70 of 1875

Sir P.O. 8

The Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore

In reply to your Docket No. 5341 dated 28th August 1876, I have the honor to State for the information of the Chief Commissioner that the proportion of the estimated cost of repairs to be levied from the Ryots holding lands below the Shivanderoor Channels was fixed at 1/8th as the lands are generally inferior to those under the Thirthdevaroy Sangur Channel, there are less facilities for procuring manure, and the Ryots are not in such good circumstances as those near Seringapatam - In the case of the Thirthdevaroy Sangur Channel, the Deputy Commr. Mysore, on consideration of the superiority of the soil, the more favorable situation of the lands & also the condition of the Ryots, originally proposed to recover the whole of the cost from them - This was however modified, on reconsideration, and a recommendation submitted that the cost should be borne partly by Government, and partly by the Ryots, an arrangement which was approved of by the Chief Commissioner vide printed proceedings No. 1960/127 dated 2nd June 1876.

In a letter subsequently received, the Deputy Commissioner reports that the Ryots are not disposed to pay their contribution, and suggested the

the adoption of compulsory measures, which has necessita-
ted as further report, not yet received

I have the honor to be
Sir
Your most obt. Servt.
L. C. Schuman Jr.
for Commissioner
Asm. Dr.

I
C114

12 Feil

1876.

C. 3795-L

From The Commissioner Aden D.

No 770

To

Secretary to Chief Commissioner,
General Department.

Dated Mercara 11th Dec 1876 Number 654

Despatched 12

Received 13th Dec 1876

ENCLOSURES NO.

General No. 369 1876

File No. 99

Amount [illegible] Contribution from Rajah holding Islands below the Sivaundroog Channels

To Rajah

12.9.76

No 2220

Vide Cancelled 8 Dec 1876

Annexure No 578 & 8 Dec 1876

Pan 82

12

[illegible]

To Dufferin / C117

18-9-76 No 2224

G.I. (23)

O. 3905

1876.

No. 198

From The Supg: Engineer of Irrigation Works Bhyroree.

To

Secretary to Chief Commissioner,
General Department.

Station L K

No. 76 of 1875

Dated 15th September/76.

Despatched

Serial No. 9

Received 18 16

ENCLOSURES NO.

General No. 2699 } 1876.
No.

This office No 3081 of the 23d October/75, requesting orders regarding the proportion of the cost of the permanent sluices on the Lucea and Dhar to be borne by ryots. also reminder No 2269 of 24th July/76.

Has the honor to invite attention to the above, no orders on the subject having yet been received, also requests that the correspondence forwarded with this office No 2269 of 24th July/76 may be obligingly returned.

W Broughton Major R.E.
Supg: Engineer of Irrign Works.

Engd: [illegible]

+ Post Mundane

2

+ Rampur

P. 1

Ashtagram Commissioner's letter No. 369/99, dated 11th September 1876.

Superintg Engineer Docket No. 1269 dated 14th July 1876.

Enclosure Ashtagram Commissioner's letter No. 241 dated 6th October 1875.

Hemavatty Division Executive Engineer's letter No. 296 dated 19th August 1875.

Hassan Deputy Commrs letter No. 1 dated 30th July 1875.

Order thereon:—

Under the circumstances stated by the Commissioner of Ashtagram in his letter No. 369/99 dated 11th September 1876, the contribution from Ryots and Inamdars holding lands under the Sreeramdevara Channels is fixed at 1/4 of the Cost as shown in

Under the explanation has appeared to the Commr of Works Dept as to the grounds upon which it is proposed to fix the proportion of the estimated cost of the Expansion the Channels under the Sreeramdevara Anicut, at 1/4 instead of 1/2 as in the case of the Chick Devaraya Channel,

in the following table.

No. of Permanent Sluices	Average cost per sluice	Total cost of Sluices	Area of land irrigated as per Account for 1874-75	Revenue realized for 1874-75	Amount of Contribution Required	Average revenue per acre	Average contribution per acre
	Rs a-p	Rs	acres	Rs	R-a-p	R-a-p	R-a-p
71 (North Channel)	93-8-0	8508	1353	7216	2126-8-0	5-5-7	1-9-1½
17 (South Channel)	48-12-0	2292	499	2756	573-0-0	5-8-4	1-2-4

Offg Secretary

The Supdtg Engineer for Irrigation with Correspondence.
" Chief Engineer & Secy Dpmt.
" Commr Telegram Dpmt
" Dy Accountt Genl.

The Chief Commr sanctions the Recovery of the Contribution from the Ryots of the Mundan Khas Mopanam - The Amt to be recovered will be Rs 2126-8 from the Lands under the North Channel & Rs 573 & there under 48 the South Channel - The Contractor shd collect in two annual instalments.

9/8

List of Papers returned to Supt Engr of Irrigation Circle
the original File of Correspondence received from him

Sreerandevar Anikut -

1 From Ashm to Under Secy No 241 d/ 6th October 1876.

Ramaswami Channel Extension

1 Chief Comrs Order slip d/ 15/1/75
2 From Ex Engr Kaveri to Supt Engr No 1666/410 d/ 16/8/74
3 From Do to Dy Comr Mysore No 203/10 d/ 20th Jany/74
4 To Do from Do Do No 165
5 From Supt Engr to Ashm No 491/2401 d/ 8/9/74
6 Memo from Supt Engr for Ch Comrs Orders d/ 17/11/74
7 Order slip of Ch Comr 18/11/74
8 From Ashm to Under Secy No 1770 d/ 15/11/74 (Note Letter but memo of the docket)
9 From Do to Do Do 661/273 d/ 7/1/75
(1) Copy of Capt Chalmers letter No 355 d/ 17th June 1837
(2) Do of Montgomerys Do d/ 14/10/37

Ryots Contribution towards Chikdevar Lagoon
& Sreerandevar Channels

1 Inspection Journal 5th Dec 73
2 Supt Engr to Ch Engr 5th Do Regr No 5420
3 Sketch plan 1.
4 Docket to Secy PWD 15/12/73 Regr No 115
5 Memo by Supt Engr for Ch Comrs Orders d/ 5/7/74
6 Order slip 10/7/74
7 PWD Secys Memo 10/7/74
8 From Supt Engr to Ashm 373/1916 d/ 13/7/74
9 Supt Engrs Memo for C Cs Orders 4/6/75
10 From Do to Ex Engr Hemavati No 362/1626 d/ 1/6/75
11 From Do to Ashm 95 & 96/490-491 d/ 11/2/75
12 Do Do 192/940 d/ 22/3/75
13 From Ashm to Secy PWD 93/41 d/ 11/5/75
(1) From Dy Comr Mysore per Ashm No 173 d/ 22/4/75

14 From Cashin to Under Secy PWD No 66 of 2/6/75
(1) Do Dy Consr Inspre from ashm No 1302 of 16/2/75
(2) From Do 6 Do No 291 of 21/5/75
(3) Memo by Depty Consr May 1875
(4) Do Do Do
(5) From Exr 6 Dy Consr Circuit-No A of 1/5/75
(6) Do Do " B of 1/5/75
(7) From Dy Consr No 72 of 21st May/75
15 From Supt Engr 6 Ashm 503/2318 of 6/8/75
16 From Dy Consr to Exr Engr Hemavati No 1 of 30/7/75
17 From Exr to Supt Engr No 296 of 19/8/75
18 From Supt Engr 6 Ashm No 547 of 28/8/75
19 From Ashm 6 Secy PWD No 231 of 28/7/75 with 1 Enc:
20 Supt Engr Memo of 2/10/75
21 Chief Consr Order slip 2/10/75
22 Printed Proceedings of 21/12/76 No 9897
23 Do Do 3/6/76 No 1960

"Inamdars' Contribution

1 From Exr Engr Haveri to Supt Engr 2061 of 7/10/74
2 To Do from Do No 2774 of 21/10/74
3 From Do Hemavati No 395 of 26/October/74
4 To Consr Ashm No 2877 of 30th Octr/74
5 From ashm No 298 of 17/2/75
6 Memo for CCs Orders 24/2/75
7 To ashm 126/627 26/2/75
8 From ashm 6 Supt Engr No 212 of 10/9/75
9 To ashm No 2703 of 13/9/75
10 ~~To Secy PWD of 17/1/76~~
Two Statts Regd No 1093 & 2410
10 From Ashm No 1 of 1st April/76.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore.

Read Memo dated 7th
filed on D.S.
file put up
for necessary

From Superintending Engineer for Irrigation's Docket, No. 2269, dated 14th July 1896, and enclosure.

Ashtagram Commissioner's letter, No. 369/99, dated 11th September 1896.

Order thereon - No. 57.

Under the explanation now afforded by the Commissioner of Ashtagram Division as to the grounds upon which it is proposed to fix the quota of the estimated cost of the repairs to the Channels under the Sreerangadevara Anicut, at 1/4th instead of 1/2 as

as in the case of the Chikderan Sagar Channels, the Chief Commissioner sanctions the recovery of the contribution from the Ryots and Inamdars in that proportion. The amount to be recovered will thus be Rs 2126.8.0 on the lands under the North Channel, and Rs 573 on those under the South Channel. The contribution should be collected in two annual instalments.

Sd/ J. T. Clarke
Offg: Secretary.

To
The Supg: Engr: for Irrigation,
with correspondence.
Chief Engr: and Secy: D. P. W.
Commr:, Ashtagram Dn
Dy: Accts: General.

Encl

To the Supt of Engineer
for Irrigation

dy 4th Cedar Rapids

C. & 6544
379

Recd 3½ pm
4-10-76

Cost of Repairs to the
Channels under the
Incorporation Act.
Sanctioning Copy of a
Contribution from the
Rajah Brooke &c.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Financial Department,
4th October 1876.

READ—

Superintending Engineer for Irrigation's docket No. 2269, dated 14th July 1876, and enclosure.

From the Commissioner of the Ashtagram Division, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, No. 369—Finl. No. 99, dated Mysore, 11th September 1876.

In reply to your docket No. 5371, dated 28th August 1876, I have the honor to state for the information of the Chief Commissioner that the proportion of the estimated cost of repairs to be levied from the ryots holding lands below the Sriramdevar chan[illegible]s fixed at ¼th, as the lands are generally inferior to those under the Chikdevaraysagar chann[illegible]ere are less facilities for procuring manure, and the ryots are not in such good circumstances as t[illegible]near Seringapatam. In the case of the Chikdevaraysagar channel, the Deputy Commissioner, M[illegible]ore, on consideration of the superiority of the soil, the more favorable situation of the lands and al[illegible]the condition of the ryots, originally proposed to recover the whole of the cost from them. This was, however, modified on re-consideration, and a recommendation submitted that the cost should be borne partly by Government and partly by the ryots, an arrangement which was approved of by the Chief Commissioner, *vide* printed Proceedings No. 1960—127, dated 2nd June 1876.

In a letter subsequently received, the Deputy C[illegible]missioner reported that the ryots are not disposed to pay their contribution, and suggested the adoption[illegible]f compulsory measures, which has necessitated a further report, not yet received.

No. 6544—FINL. 379, DATED B[illegible]LORE, 4TH OCTOBER 1876.

ORDER THEREON.—Under the explana[illegible]ow afforded by the Commissioner of Ashtagram Division as to the grounds upon[illegible]it it is proposed to fix the quota of the estimated cost of the repairs to the chann[illegible]der the Sriramdevara Anicut, at ¼th instead of ½ as in the case of the Chikdeva[illegible]gar channels, the Chief Commissioner sanctions the recovery of the contribution fr[illegible]e ryots and inamdars in that proportion. The amount to be recovered will thus[illegible]s. 2,126—8—0 on the lands under the north channel, and Rs. 573 on those under [illegible]uth channel. The contribution should be collected in two annual instalments.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

To—The Superintending Engineer for Irrigation, with X correspondence.
„ Chief Engineer and Secretary, D. P. W.
„ Commissioner, Ashtagram Division,
„ Dy. Accountant General.

Spare Copies
D - D.
P - D.

X As per list attached

94

No 6544
379

1876.

GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE.

FINANCIAL.

To

THE SUPERINTENDING ENGINEER
FOR IRRIGATION.

Dated October 4th.
Despatched " 13th "
Received

No. 6544.
Fin. 379.

Cost of repairs to the channels under the Sriramdevar Anicut.—Sanctioning levy of a contribution from the ryots towards the—

Yr. No. 578
Rev. 82

Nelligram Commissioner's Office
Dated Mysore 8th December 1876.

To
LR
706
Serial No.

The Secretary to the Chief
Commissioner of Mysore

Sir,

Referring to the last para of my letter No. 369/99 dated 11th September 1876 and the printed Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner No. 1960/127 dated 3rd June 1876 directing that contributions to the amount of Rs 17,332 be levied from holders of the Government lands below the Chickadevaraya Sagur Channel in the Nelligram Taluk, I have the honor to submit the enclosed statement received from the Deputy Commissioner Mysore shewing the proportions of the contributions payable by each holder. It will be seen from this that the highest amount which any single ryot has to pay is Rs 50-5-2 and the lowest Rs 0-5-7. Although these sums are in accordance with the scale sanctioned in the Printed Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner No. 1960/127 dated 3rd June 1876 and are moderate, the holders are not disposed to pay the same on the pleas that they pay the water

cess

cess of half a Rupee per candy and are not benefited by the permanent Sluices which it is proposed to construct. —

As these pleas are inadmissible, I request that authority may be given for the compulsory recovery of the amounts due as recommended by the Deputy Commissioner Impore, as also in the case of the contributions on account of the proposed improvement to the Virgaunddy Channel.

Copy of the Impore Deputy Commissioner's letter on the subject together with the depositions of the Ryots are herewith submitted. — * No. 812 of the 20th June 1876.

I have the honor to be

Sir

Your most Obed.t Servant

(Signed)

Commissioner

Salem Div.

No 812.

Deputy Commissioners Office
Impose District
Dated Impose 20th November 1876.

To

The Commissioner
Ashtagram Do

Sir,

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter No 303 dated the 10th June 1876 and in reply to submit depositions given before the Amildar of the Ashtagram Taluk, by the ryots holding lands below the Chick Devarayasagar Channel representing their inability to pay contribution towards the proposed construction of permanent sluices to the channel.

2. English statement in the form received with the letter under reply shewing the amount of contribution payable by each ryots is herewith submitted as called for by you. —

I have &c.
(Signed) C. J. Pearse
Dy. Commissioner
Impose District

"Copy"
C. J. Pearse.
for Commr Ashta

I
C-117

Vellore

1876.

0.6054
85

From The Commissioner
Salitaşiam Div.

To

Secretary to Chief Commissioner,
General Department.

Dated 8 December
Despatched
Received 10 " 71 "
Rec'd 12

ENCLOSURES NO. 3

General No. 3178 } 1876—77.
Rec'd No. 82

Requests that authority may be given for the compulsory recovery of the amounts due from holders of the Government land below the Bund & Anicut in the Salitaşiam Talook.

Letter from the Commr of Ashtagram Dr No 578/82 of 8th Decr /76 with Enclosure, & cepting the statement.

R — Order thereon

7/8/1875

12.

~~As recommended by the Commr~~ the contributions should be levied by coercive process if necessary; but as directed in Gl: Commrs order No 9897/116 of 21st March /76, half the amount may be recovered this year and half in the next.

The Council may direct the levy of the Non-Contributors by coercive process if necessary. But the Observations of the Govt. of Madras under the Orders already passed, the Non-Contributors' statements

S Pyne

8/8/: Sect.

To The Commr Ashtagram Dr with no English statement & vernacular papers.

The Dy: Accts General

" Sect. D. P. W.

Supdg: Engr for Irrigation

From

The Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore.

To

Dated

Despatched

Received

ENCLOSURES NO.

General No.

No.

Proceedings of the Hyd. Chief Comr. of Imprs.

Letter from the Commissioner of Ashtagram Division No. 578/82 dated 8-December 1876 with enclosures, excepting the statement.

Order thereon. No. 4

The Commissioner may direct the levy of the fixed contributions by coercive process if necessary. It will be observed that the amount is to be secured, under the orders already passed, in two annual instalments.

(Sd) J Clarke
Hyd Secretary

To the Comr Ashtagram Div with one English Statement and vernacular papers
— " Dy. Accountant General
— " Secretary D. P. W.
— " Superintending Engineer for Irrigation.

Rec.

The Comrs Customs

by 10th Jany/77

No 10,145
71

Rd 12 Rd 2 & Plc
10+77

Letter from Comrs Customs requesting instructions for the recovery by coercive measures of the contributions from hot. h. of lands under the Thick Passing Orders thereon

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, 10th January 1877.

From the Commissioner, Ashtagram Division, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, No. 578—Rev. 82, dated Mysore, 8th December 1876.

Referring to the last para of my letter No. 369—39, dated 11th September 1876, and the printed Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner No. 1960—127, dated 3rd June 1876, directing that contributions to the amount of Rs. 17,332 be levied from holders of the Government lands below the Chikdevaraysagar Channel in the Ashtagram Taluk, I have the honor to submit the enclosed statement received from the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore, shewing the proportions of the contributions payable by each holder. It will be seen from this that the highest amount which any single ryot has to pay is Rs. 50—5—2 and the lowest Rs. 0—5—7. Although these sums are in accordance with the scale sanctioned in the printed Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner No. 1960—127, dated 3rd June 1876, and are moderate, the holders are not disposed to pay the same on the pleas that they pay the water-cess of half a rupee per kandi and are not benefited by the permanent sluices which it is proposed to construct.

As these pleas are inadmissible, I request that authority may be given for the compulsory recovery of the amounts due, as recommended by the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore, as also in the case of the contributions on account of the proposed improvement to the Virzanadi Channel.

Copy of the Mysore Deputy Commissioner's letter * on the subject, together with the depositions of the ryots, are herewith submitted.

*No. 812 of the 20th November 1876.

From the Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District, To the Commissioner, Ashtagram Division, No. 812, dated Mysore, 20th November 1876.

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter No. 303, dated the 10th June 1876, and in reply to submit depositions given before the Amildar of the Ashtagram Taluk, by the ryots holding lands below the Chikdevaraysagar Channel representing their inability to pay contribution towards the proposed construction of permanent sluices to the channel.

2. English statement in the form received with the letter under reply shewing the amount of contribution payable by each ryot is herewith submitted as called for by you.

No. 10145—71, DATED BANGALORE, 10TH JANUARY 1877.

ORDER THEREON.—The Commissioner may direct the levy of the fixed contributions by coercive process if necessary. It will be observed that the amount is to be recovered, under the orders already passed, in two annual instalments.

Offg. Secretary.

To—The Commissioner, Ashtagram Division, with one English statement and Vernacular papers. 3 spare copies
" Deputy Accountant General. 10 Do Do
" Secretary, D. P. W. 3 Do Do
" Superintending Engineer for Irrigation.

I
C-117

Recd

No. 71.

1877.

GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE.

REVENUE.

THE COMMISSIONER, ASHTAGRAM DIVISION.

Dated January 10th.
Despatched " 15th "
Received Rec'd: 20th "

No. 10145.
Rev. 71.

Letter from Commissioner, Ashtagram, requesting instructions for the recovery by coercive measures of the contributions from holders of lands under the Chikdevaraysagar channel.—Passing orders thereon.